

Part 1. Terminology. For each of the following terms, provide a **definition** in your own words and an **example or a sentence using the term**.

Example: inflection – a bound morpheme that has a grammatical function, such as marking past tense or plural. Inflections are small units of meaning that attach to the ends of words to indicate tense and number. For example, in Present-Day English, *-ed* attaches to verbs to mark past tense, and *-s* is added to nouns to mark plurals.

1. place of articulation

2. phoneme

3. prosody

4. syntax

5. minimal pair

Part 2. Articulatory descriptions. For each phonetic symbol, provide its **manner** of articulation.

6. [k]

7. [r]

8. [w]

9. [v]

For each phonetic symbol, provide its **place** of articulation.

10. [j]

11. [z]

12. [f]

13. [č]

Part 3. IPA transcription. Transcribe the following words into IPA.

14. snowfall

15. icicle